Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

ZECOTEK PHOTONICS INC.

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015



Tel: 604 688 5421 Fax: 604 688 5132 www.bdo.ca BDO Canada LLP 600 Cathedral Place 925 West Georgia Street Vancouver BC V6C 3L2 Canada

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of Zecotek Photonics Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Zecotek Photonics Inc., which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at July 31, 2016, the consolidated statements of comprehensive loss, changes in deficiency and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audits in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audits is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Zecotek Photonics Inc. as at July 31, 2016, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Emphasis of Matter

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw our attention to note 1(b) to the financial statements which indicates that the Company has a working capital deficiency, shareholders' deficiency and negative cash from operations. These conditions, along with other matters as set forth in note 1(b) in the financial statements, indicates that existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about Zecotek Photonics Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern.

Other Matter

The consolidated financial statements of Zecotek Photonics Inc. for the year ended July 31, 2015 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements on November 28, 2015.

(signed) "BDO CANADA LLP"

Chartered Professional Accountants

November 28, 2016 Vancouver, Canada

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

July 31, 2016 and 2015

		2016	2015
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	241,258	\$ 346,239
Trade receivables		151,341	73,576
Restricted investments (note 3(c))		58,840	58,110
Goods and services taxes recoverable		44,696	8,359
Advances to employees (notes 12(c) and 12(d))		12,723	10,209
Prepaid expenses Total current assets		154,664 663,522	591,640 1,088,133
Total danem assets		000,022	1,000,100
Non-current assets:		04.050	00.054
Deposits		24,858	38,851
Property and equipment (note 4) Patent acquisition costs (note 5)		76,149 39,023	96,893 66,411
Total non-current assets		140,030	202,155
			•
Total assets	\$	803,552	\$ 1,290,288
Current liabilities: Trade and other payables (notes 8(c), 9 and 12)	\$	5 744 645	\$ 3 085 <i>1</i> 03
•		5,744,645 2,448,071 50,123	\$ 3,985,493 3,111,372
Current liabilities: Trade and other payables (notes 8(c), 9 and 12) Customer deposits		2,448,071	
Current liabilities: Trade and other payables (notes 8(c), 9 and 12) Customer deposits Short term loan		2,448,071 50,123	3,111,372
Current liabilities: Trade and other payables (notes 8(c), 9 and 12) Customer deposits Short term loan Shareholders' deficiency:	:	2,448,071 50,123 8,242,839	3,111,372 7,096,865
Current liabilities: Trade and other payables (notes 8(c), 9 and 12) Customer deposits	5	2,448,071 50,123	3,111,372
Current liabilities: Trade and other payables (notes 8(c), 9 and 12) Customer deposits Short term loan Shareholders' deficiency: Share capital (note 6)	5: 1:	2,448,071 50,123 8,242,839 9,607,285	3,111,372 7,096,865 56,678,306
Current liabilities: Trade and other payables (notes 8(c), 9 and 12) Customer deposits Short term loan Shareholders' deficiency: Share capital (note 6) Contributed surplus	5: 1:	2,448,071 50,123 8,242,839 9,607,285 4,579,655	3,111,372 7,096,865 56,678,306 13,803,532
Current liabilities: Trade and other payables (notes 8(c), 9 and 12) Customer deposits Short term loan Shareholders' deficiency: Share capital (note 6) Contributed surplus Deficit	5 1 (8	2,448,071 50,123 8,242,839 9,607,285 4,579,655 1,168,023)	3,111,372 7,096,865 56,678,306 13,803,532 (75,925,819)
Current liabilities: Trade and other payables (notes 8(c), 9 and 12) Customer deposits Short term loan Shareholders' deficiency: Share capital (note 6) Contributed surplus Deficit Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	5 1 (8	2,448,071 50,123 8,242,839 9,607,285 4,579,655 1,168,023) (458,204)	3,111,372 7,096,865 56,678,306 13,803,532 (75,925,819) (362,596)
Current liabilities: Trade and other payables (notes 8(c), 9 and 12) Customer deposits Short term loan Shareholders' deficiency: Share capital (note 6) Contributed surplus Deficit Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) Total shareholders' deficiency Nature of business and going concern uncertainty (note 1) Commitments and contingencies (note 8)	5 1 (8	2,448,071 50,123 8,242,839 9,607,285 4,579,655 1,168,023) (458,204)	3,111,372 7,096,865 56,678,306 13,803,532 (75,925,819) (362,596)
Current liabilities: Trade and other payables (notes 8(c), 9 and 12) Customer deposits Short term loan Shareholders' deficiency: Share capital (note 6) Contributed surplus Deficit Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) Total shareholders' deficiency Nature of business and going concern uncertainty (note 1) Commitments and contingencies (note 8) Subsequent events (notes 16) Total liabilities and shareholders' deficiency See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.	55 1. (8	2,448,071 50,123 8,242,839 9,607,285 4,579,655 1,168,023) (458,204) 7,439,287)	3,111,372 7,096,865 56,678,306 13,803,532 (75,925,819) (362,596) (5,806,577)
Current liabilities: Trade and other payables (notes 8(c), 9 and 12) Customer deposits Short term loan Shareholders' deficiency: Share capital (note 6) Contributed surplus Deficit Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) Total shareholders' deficiency Nature of business and going concern uncertainty (note 1) Commitments and contingencies (note 8) Subsequent events (notes 16) Total liabilities and shareholders' deficiency	55 1. (8	2,448,071 50,123 8,242,839 9,607,285 4,579,655 1,168,023) (458,204) 7,439,287)	3,111,372 7,096,865 56,678,306 13,803,532 (75,925,819) (362,596) (5,806,577)
Current liabilities: Trade and other payables (notes 8(c), 9 and 12) Customer deposits Short term loan Shareholders' deficiency: Share capital (note 6) Contributed surplus Deficit Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) Total shareholders' deficiency Nature of business and going concern uncertainty (note 1) Commitments and contingencies (note 8) Subsequent events (notes 16) Total liabilities and shareholders' deficiency See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.	5: 1. (8	2,448,071 50,123 8,242,839 9,607,285 4,579,655 1,168,023) (458,204) 7,439,287) 803,552	3,111,372 7,096,865 56,678,306 13,803,532 (75,925,819) (362,596) (5,806,577)

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Loss (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015

		2016		2015
Revenue	\$ 1	,487,516	\$	451,747
Cost of sales	1,	,229,186		322,885
Gross margin		258,330		128,862
Expenses:				
Operating, general and administrative (note 13) Research and development (note 14)		,011,006 ,489,528		5,825,153 1,468,725
	5	,500,534	1	7,293,878
Loss for the year	(5	,242,204)	(7	',165,016)
Other comprehensive loss: Exchange loss on translation of foreign operations		(95,608)		(290,788)
Comprehensive loss	\$ (5	,337,812)	\$ 7	',455,804)
Net loss per common share - basic and diluted	\$	(0.04)	\$	(0.07)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - basic and diluted	117	,419,012	10	8,339,823

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Deficiency (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015

	Number of Shares	Share capital	Contributed surplus	Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	Deficit	Total shareholders equity (deficiency)
As at August 1, 2014	99,018,341	53,139,204	12,861,372	(71,808)	(68,760,803)	(2,832,035)
Share issuance on private						
placements (note 6(b)):						
Issuance of shares	13,060,213	4,571,075	-	-	-	4,571,075
Issuance of warrants	-	(666,924)	666,924	-	-	-
Issuance of finder's warran	ts -	(59,648)	59,648	-	-	- -
Issue costs	-	(432,041)	-	-	-	(432,041)
Exercise of warrants	16,750	9,640	(1,265)	-	-	8,375
Exercise of stock options	180,000	117,000	(36,000)	-	-	81,000
Comprehensive loss	-	-	-	(290,788)	(7,165,016)	(7,455,804)
Stock-based compensation	-	-	252,853	-	-	252,853
As at July 31, 2015	112,275,304	56,678,306	13,803,532	(362,596)	(75,925,819)	(5,806,577)
Share issuance on private						
placements (note 6(b)):						
Issuance of shares	12,067,892	4,029,481	_	-	_	4,029,481
Issuance of warrants	-	(706,274)	706,274	-	_	-
Issuance of finder's warran	ts -	(69,849)	69,849	-	_	-
Issue costs	-	(324,379)	-	-	-	(324,379)
Exercise of warrants	-	-	_	-	-	-
Exercise of stock options	-	-	_	-	-	-
Comprehensive loss	-	-	_	(95,608)	(5,242,204)	(5,337,812)
Stock-based compensation	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at July 31, 2016	124,343,196	\$ 59,607,285	\$ 14,579,655	\$ (458,204)	\$ (81,168,023)	\$ (7,439,287)

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015

	2016	2015
Cash flows provided by (used in):		
Operating activities:		
Loss for the year	\$ (5,242,204)	\$ (7,165,016)
Adjustments for items not involving cash:		
Amortization of property and equipment	25,738	34,878
Amortization of patent costs	28,226	29,430
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	(44,333)	33,980
Stock-based compensation	-	252,853
·	(5,256,410)	(6,813,875)
Changes in non-cash operating working items:	(0,200, 0)	(0,0:0,0:0)
Trade receivables	(77,765)	(50,508)
Goods and services taxes recoverable	(36,337)	11,885
Advances to employees	(2,514)	127,345
Prepaid expenses	436,976	(455,341)
Trade and other payables	1,803,485	(32,246)
Customer deposits	(663,301)	2,972,785
Net cash (outflow) used in operating activities	(3,772,029)	(4,239,955)
Investing activities:		
Acquisition of property and equipment	(3,604)	(56,327)
Loan payable	50,123	-
Net cash inflow/(outflow) used in investing activities	46,519	(56,327)
Financing activities:		
Proceeds from shares and units issued	4,029,481	4,660,450
Share issuance costs	(324,379)	(432,041)
Net cash inflow provided by financing activities	3,705,102	4,228,409
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash	(84,573)	(201,153)
(Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(104,981)	(269,026)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	346,239	615,265
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 241,258	\$ 346,239

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015

1. Nature of business and going concern uncertainty:

(a) Nature of business:

Zecotek Photonics Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated on November 25, 1983 under the laws of the Province of British Columbia, Canada. The head office for the Company is located at: Unit 1120 - 21331 Gordon Way, Richmond, BC, Canada.

The activities of the Company are focused on the creation of advanced materials and integrated optoelectronic devices for high resolution medical imaging, optical precision surgery and biopharmaceutical research.

The Company has one significant wholly owned subsidiaries, Zecotek Photonics Singapore Pte. Ltd. which holds 100% ownership interests in Zecotek Display Systems Pte. Ltd., Zecotek Imaging Systems Pte. Ltd. and a 90% ownership interest in Zecotek Optronics Systems Pte. Ltd.(formerly Zecotek Laser Systems Pte. Ltd.). Zecotek Imaging Systems Pte. Ltd. holds a 100% ownership interest in Zecotek Imaging Systems (Malaysia) SDN BHD ("ZISM") which was incorporated on June 24, 2008. These subsidiaries all have principal activities of research and development (and eventual exploitation) of medical laser technologies.

(b) Going concern uncertainty:

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a going concern, which presumes that the Company will be able to realize assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. As at July 31, 2016, the Company had limited operating revenue, a working capital deficiency of \$7,579,317 shareholders' deficiency of \$7,439,287, and negative operating cash flows of \$104,981. The Company's current revenue is not sufficient to sustain operations. These factors, among others, create significant doubt as to the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern.

The Company's ability to continue to operate and meet its obligations as they come due is dependent upon the ability of the Company to obtain further equity financing as necessary, retain the support of its principal shareholders, and to successfully bring its technologies to market and achieve future profitable operations.

Management believes the Company will be successful at securing additional equity financing, and if it reaches profitable operations, would continue as a going concern for the foreseeable future. The Company expects to raise funds to continue operations and, although it has been successful in doing so in the past, there is no assurance it will be able to do so in the future.

These financial statements do not give effect to adjustments, if any, which would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern and, therefore, be required to realize its assets and liquidate its liabilities in other than the normal course of business and at amounts which may differ from those shown in the financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015

2. Basis of presentation:

(a) Statement of compliance:

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). Our accounting policies outlined in note 3 have been applied in preparing our consolidated financial statements as at and for the years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015.

These consolidated financial statements were reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved and authorized to be issued by the Board of Directors on November XX, 2016.

(b) Basis of measurement:

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments which are recorded at fair value.

(c) Significant judgments and estimates:

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates, and assumptions that affect application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities at the date of the year-end consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period.

Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes can differ from these estimates. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the assumptions used in determining the fair value of options and warrants. The fair value of stock options granted is measured using a Black-Scholes model. Measurement inputs include share price on measurement date, exercise price of the option or warrant, expected volatility, actual and expected life of the option or warrant, expected dividends based on the dividend yield at the date of the grant, anticipated forfeiture rate, and the risk-free interest rate. The expected life of the options and warrants is based on historical experience and general option holder behavior. Consequently, the actual stock-based compensation expense may vary from the amount estimated.

Significant judgments made by management in the process of applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements include the application of the going concern assumption. The assessment of whether the going concern assumption is appropriate requires management to take into account all available information about the future, which is at least, but is not limited to, 12 months from the end of the reporting period. The Company is aware that material uncertainties related to events or conditions may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015

3. Significant accounting policies:

(a) Basis of consolidation:

These consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of all subsidiaries of the Company as at July 31, 2016 and 2015 and the results of all its subsidiaries for the years then ended. Subsidiaries are all those entities which the Company controls, where control is defined as having the power to govern the financial and operating policies and exposure to variable returns. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Company. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases. The accounting policies of subsidiaries are changed when necessary to align them with the policies adopted by the Company. Inter-entity transactions, balances and unrealized gains on consolidated group are eliminated. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment of the asset transferred. The Company's accounting policies are applied consistently throughout the organization.

(b) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents consists of cash on hand, balances on deposit with banks and highly liquid market investments with original terms of maturity of less than ninety days at time of acquisition, intended for use in current operations.

(c) Restricted investments:

Restricted investments are short-term investments pledged as security for various rental leases or otherwise subject to restricted liquidity, and are recorded at fair market value.

(d) Property and equipment:

Property and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The cost of property and equipment comprises its purchase price and any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Depreciation is provided primarily on the declining balance basis at the following annual rates:

Asset	Basis	Rate
Equipment Furniture Vehicle Leasehold improvements	Declining balance Declining balance Declining balance Straight-line (over the shorter of - lease term or useful life)	20% to 33% 20% to 30% 30%

Depreciation rates and salvage values are reviewed annually.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015

3. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(e) Patents and trademarks:

Product registration costs related to efforts by the Company to acquire legal protections for its proprietary products, such as trademarks and patents, are capitalized if the Company believes that obtaining the trademark or patent, and recovery of the costs from future related revenues is reasonably assured, otherwise the costs are expensed. Capitalized costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over 5 to 20 years. The amortization period is determined based on the anticipated duration of legal protection, an assessment of the period of time over which the Company may be able to generate revenues from the related product, and expected obsolescence.

(f) Research and development expenditures:

Research costs are expensed in the year as incurred.

Development costs include all expenditures considered directly attributable to efforts by the Company to develop, and bring to commercial production, a new product. Such amounts are charged as an expense in the period incurred except in circumstances where the product or process is clearly defined and the costs attributable thereto can be identified, the technical feasibility has been established, management has indicated its intention to produce and market the product, the future market is clearly defined, adequate resources are available, and recovery of development costs can reasonably be regarded as assured, in which case such costs are capitalized. For the years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015, no costs have been capitalized.

(g) Impairment:

(i) Non-financial assets:

The carrying amounts of non-current assets, including property and equipment, and patent costs are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized in net loss if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a significant change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015

3. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(g) Impairment (continued):

(ii) Financial assets:

Financial assets not carried at fair value through earnings are assessed for impairment at each reporting date. A financial asset is impaired if objective evidence indicates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset. For financial assets measured at amortized cost, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate. If impairment has occurred, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced, with the amount of the loss recognized in earnings.

(h) Foreign currency translation:

(i) Functional and presentation currency:

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Company's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollar (CAD), which is the functional and presentation currency of Zecotek Photonics Inc. All other entities have a functional currency of the Singapore Dollar (SGD).

(ii) Translation of accounts of foreign subsidiaries:

On consolidation, the financial statements of foreign operations are translated into Canadian dollar using exchange rate at the end of reporting period for the statement of financial position and average exchange rate over the reporting period for the income statement. Foreign currency translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income (loss).

(iii) Transactions in foreign currency:

Transactions conducted in a foreign currency are translated using the currency rate at the time of the translation. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currency are measured at the currency rate at the closing date and the translation differences are charged in profit and loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015

3. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(i) Employee compensation costs:

Short-term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided. The Company recognizes a liability when we have a present legal or constructive obligation to pay the amount as a result of past service provided by the employee, and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

(j) Financial instruments:

Financial assets and liabilities are measured at fair value upon their initial recognition. All financial instruments have been classified into one of the following five categories: (1) held-to-maturity; (2) loans and receivables; (3) other financial liabilities; (4) available-for-sale financial assets; and (5) fair value through profit or loss.

Subsequent measurement is based on either fair value or amortized cost, depending upon the classification. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with changes in the fair value recognized in net income. Available-for-sale financial instruments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recorded in other comprehensive income until the investment is derecognized or impaired at which time the amounts in comprehensive income would be recorded in net income. For other financial liabilities, subsequent adjustments to expected cash flows are recorded if and when they occur through adjustments to the related expense.

The Company's financial instruments are classified as follows:

- Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, advances to employees and refundable deposits are classified as loans and receivables and are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.
- Trade and other payables, customer deposits, and short-term loans are classified as other financial liabilities and are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

(k) Stock-based compensation:

The Company grants stock options to employees, directors, officers and consultants pursuant to the stock option plan described in note 6(e). The fair value method of accounting for stock-based compensation transactions is used. Management uses judgment to determine the inputs to the Black-Scholes option pricing model including the expected plan lives, underlying share price volatility and forfeiture rates. The fair value of stock options is generally estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model. For graded vested share

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015

3. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(k) Stock-based compensation (continued):

options, IFRS 2 requires the use of the attribution method, which requires that the company treat each installment as a separate share option grant with a different fair value.

The fair value of stock-based payments to non-employees is based on fair value of the goods or services received, when these can be measured reliably. In the event that no reliable measurement can be made, the fair value of the options granted will be used.

(I) Share Capital:

Financial instruments issued by the Company are classified as equity only to the extent that they do not meet the definition of a financial liability or financial asset. The Company's common shares and warrants are classified as equity instruments. The fair value of the warrants is estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model and the remaining value is assigned to the common shares. In circumstances where finder's warrants are issued coincidentally with a unit offering, the finder's warrants are valued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model.

(m) Share issue costs:

Professional, agent and regulatory fees, as well as, other costs directly attributable to specific financing transactions are reported as deferred financing costs until the transactions are completed, if successful completion is considered reasonably assured. Share issue costs are charged to capital stock when the related shares are issued. Costs relating to financing transactions that are not completed or for which completion is considered unlikely, are charged to net loss.

(n) Income taxes:

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in net earnings except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized directly in equity.

Current income tax is the expected tax payable (recoverable) on the taxable income for the period, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable (recoverable) in respect of previous years.

Deferred income tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable income. Deferred income tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred income tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable income will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable income will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015

3. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(n) Income taxes (continued):

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rate that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

(o) Loss per share:

Basic loss per share is calculated using the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year. The Company uses the treasury stock method to compute the dilutive effect of options, warrants and similar instruments. Under this method the dilutive effect on loss per share is recognized based on the use of proceeds that could be obtained upon exercise of such options, warrants and similar instruments. It assumes that the proceeds would be used to purchase common shares at the average market price during the period. In a loss period, stock options and warrants are anti-dilutive.

(p) Revenue recognition:

Revenue is recognized when the Company's product is received, the title is transferred to the customer, and collection of the amount billed is considered reasonably assured.

Customer deposits consist of amounts received in advance from customers who have not had their products shipped. Revenue is recognized as the revenue recognition criteria are met.

(q) Government assistance:

Government grants are recognized when there is reasonable assurance that the Company has complied with the conditions of the grant. Such grants are accounted for as a reduction of the related expense or asset, or as income, as appropriate. When circumstances arise that indicate repayment is likely or when there is a formal demand for repayment, government grants previously recorded as a reduction of related expenditures or expenses is recorded as a liability in the year the condition for repayment arises.

(r) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted:

The following standards and interpretations, that have been issued but are not yet effective as of July 31, 2016, have not been applied in preparing the financial statements.

(i) IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments:

IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments ("IFRS 9") was issued by the IASB in November 2009 with additions in October 2010 and May 2013 and will replace IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement ("IAS 39"). IFRS 9 uses a single approach to determine whether a financial asset is measured at amortized cost or fair value, replacing

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015

3. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(i) IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments (continued):

the multiple rules in IAS 39. The approach in IFRS 9 is based on how an entity manages its financial instruments in the context of its business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Most of the requirements in IAS 39 for classification and measurement of financial liabilities were carried forward unchanged to IFRS 9, except that an entity choosing to measure a financial liability at fair value will present the portion of any change in its fair value due to changes in the entity's own credit risk in other comprehensive income, rather than within profit or loss. The new standard also requires a single impairment method to be used, replacing the multiple impairment methods in IAS 39. IFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. Earlier adoption is permitted. The Company intends to adopt IFRS 9 for the annual period beginning August 1, 2018. The extent of the impact of adoption of the standard has not yet been determined.

(ii) IFRS 15 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers:

In May 2015, the IASB issued IFRS 15 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers, which replaces IAS 18 - Revenue, IAS 11 - Construction Contracts and other interpretive guidance associated with revenue recognition. The standard contains a single model that applies to contracts with customers and two approaches to recognizing revenue: at a point in time or over time. The model features a contract-based five-step analysis of transactions to determine whether, how much and when revenue is recognized. New estimates and judgmental thresholds have been introduced, which may affect the amount and/or timing of revenue recognized. The new standard is effective for fiscal years ending on or after December 31, 2017 and is available for early adoption.

The Company intends to adopt IFRS 15 in its financial statements for the annual period beginning on August 1, 2018. The extent of the impact of adoption of the standard has not yet been determined.

(iii) IFRS 16 - Leases:

IFRS 16 specifies how to recognize, measure, present and disclose leases. The standard provides a single lease accounting model, requiring leases recognize assets and liabilities for all leases unless the term is 12 months or less or the underlying asset has an insignificant value. IFRS 16 was issued January 2016 and will be applicable to the Company's annual financial statements for the year beginning August 1, 2019. The Company is evaluating the impact of this new standard.

(s) Comparative information:

Certain comparative information has been reclassified to conform with the financial statement presentation adopted in the current year.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015

4. Property and equipment:

			Leasehold		
	Equipment	Furniture	improvements	Vehicle	Total
July 31, 2014	231,949	51,424	432,746	69,333	785,452
Additions	56,327				56,327
Additions	30,327	-	-	-	36,327
Foreign Exchange Imp	pact 15,715	2,976	39,291	6,295	64,277
July 31, 2015	303,991	54,400	472,037	75,628	906,056
A 1 100					
Additions	3,604	-	-	-	3,604
Foreign Exchange Imp	pact 4,889	687	9,067	1,453	16,096
. c. c.g Exorialigo IIII	1,000	007	0,007	1,100	10,000
July 31, 2016	\$ 312,484	\$ 55,087	\$ 481,104	\$ 77,081	\$ 925,756

Accumulated depreciation:

			Leasehold		
	Equipment	Furniture	improvements	Vehicle	Total
July 31, 2014	188,871	43,101	419,009	64,480	715,461
Depreciation	17,427	1,686	13,828	1,479	34,420
Foreign Exchange Im	pact 11,606	2,513	39,200	5,963	59,282
July 31, 2015	217,904	47,300	472,037	71,922	809,163
Depreciation	23,199	1,424	-	1,115	25,738
Foreign Exchange Im	pact 3,637	602	9,067	1,400	14,710
July 31, 2016	\$ 244,740	\$ 49,326	\$ 481,104	\$ 74,437	\$ 849,607

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015

4. Property and equipment (continued):

	Equipment	Furniture	Leasehold improvements	Vehicle	Total
Carrying amount: July 31, 2016 July 31, 2015 July 31, 2014	\$ 67,744 86,087	\$ 5,761 7,100	\$ - -	\$ 2,644 3,706	\$ 76,149 96,893

5. Patent costs:

Costs:	
August 1, 2014	\$ 294,419
Effect of movements in exchanges rates	23,410
July 31, 2015	317,829
Effect of movements in exchange rates	5,403
July 31, 2016	\$ 323,232
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Accumulated depreciation:	
August 1, 2014	\$ 204,921
Depreciation	29,429
Effect of movements in exchange rates	17,068
July 31, 2015	251,418
Depreciation	28,225
Effect of movements in exchange rates	4,566
July 31, 2016	\$ 284,209
Carrying amount:	
July 31, 2016	\$ 39,023
July 31, 2015	66,411
July 31, 2014	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015

6. Share capital:

(a) Authorized:

The authorized share capital of the Company is an unlimited number of common voting shares with no par value.

- (b) Issued and outstanding common shares:
 - (i) On June 20, 2016, the Company completed the second tranche of the share subscription agreements for the financing announced May 9, 2016. Under the agreements, the subscribers purchased 2,989,333 units of the Company at a price of \$0.30 per unit, for gross proceeds of \$896,800. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share at an exercise price of \$0.43 per share for a period of 24 months after the date of the private placement. Pursuant the closing of the second tranche of the financing, the Company paid finder's fees and agents commission of \$60,676 and issued non-transferable finder's warrants to purchase 202,253 Common Shares at \$0.43 per share before June 20, 2018. All shares and warrants are subject to a four-month hold period expiring on October 20, 2016.
 - (ii) On May 26, 2016, the Company completed the first tranche of the share subscription agreements for the financing announced May 9, 2016. Under the agreements, the subscribers purchased 2,259,997 units of the Company at a price of \$0.30 per unit, for gross proceeds of \$678,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share at an exercise price of \$0.43 per share for a period of 24 months after the date of the private placement. Pursuant the closing of the second tranche of the financing, the Company paid finder's fees and agents commission of \$47,460 and issued non-transferable finder's warrants to purchase 158,200 Common Shares at \$0.43 per share before May 26, 2018. All shares and warrants are subject to a four-month hold period expiring on September 27, 2016.
 - (iii) On February 2, 2016, the Company completed the share subscription agreements for the financing announced on October 30, 2015. Under the agreements, the subscribers purchased 1,301,889 units of the Company at a price of \$0.36 per unit, for gross proceeds of \$468,680. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share at an exercise price of \$0.53 per common until February 4, 2018. Pursuant the closing of the financing, the Company paid finder's fees consisting of cash totaling \$17,180 and issued 47,724 finder's warrants. Each finder's warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share at an exercise price of \$0.53 per common share until February 4, 2018. All securities issued are subject to a four-month hold period expiring on June 5, 2016.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015

6. Share capital (continued):

- (b) Issued and outstanding common shares (continued):
 - (iv) On December 15, 2015, the Company completed the share subscription agreements for the financing announced on December 9, 2015. Under the agreements, the subscribers purchased 3,084,000 units of the Company at a price of \$0.36 per unit, for gross proceeds of \$1,110,240. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share at an exercise price of \$0.53 per common share until December 15, 2017. Pursuant the closing of the financing, the Company paid finder's fees consisting of cash totaling \$77,716 and issued 215,880 finder's warrants. Each finder's warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share at an exercise price of \$0.53 per common share until December 15, 2017. All securities issued are subject to a four-month hold period expiring on April 16, 2016.
 - (ν) On November 5, 2015, the Company completed the share subscription agreements for the financing announced on October 30, 2015. Under the agreements, the subscribers purchased 2,432,673 units of the Company at a price of \$0.36 per unit, for gross proceeds of \$875,762. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share at an exercise price of \$0.53 per common until November 5, 2017. Pursuant the closing of the financing, the Company paid finder's fees consisting of cash totaling \$53,147 and issued 147,630 finder's warrants. Each finder's warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share at an exercise price of \$0.53 per common share until November 5, 2017. All securities issued are subject to a four-month hold period expiring on March 6, 2016.
 - (vi) On November 28, 2014, the Company completed the first tranche of the share subscription agreements for the financing announced October 23, 2014. Under the agreements, the subscribers purchased 5,003,073 units of the Company at a price of \$0.35 per unit, for gross proceeds of \$1,751,076. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share at an exercise price of \$0.50 per share for a period of 24 months after the date of the private placement. Pursuant the closing of the second tranche of the financing, the Company paid finder's fees and agents commission of \$121,473 and issued non-transferable finder's warrants to purchase 347,063 Common Shares at \$0.50 per share before November 28, 2016. All shares and warrants are subject to a four-month hold period expiring on March 29, 2015.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015

6. Share capital (continued):

- (b) Issued and outstanding common shares (continued):
 - (vii) On November 12, 2014, the Company completed the first tranche of the share subscription agreements for the financing announced October 23, 2014. Under the agreements, the subscribers purchased 8,057,140 units of the Company at a price of \$0.35 per unit, for gross proceeds of \$2,819,999. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share at an exercise price of \$0.50 per share for a period of 24 months after the date of the private placement. Pursuant the first tranche of the financing, the Company paid finder's fees and agents commission of \$197,400 and issued non-transferable finder's warrants to purchase an aggregate of 555,999 Common Shares at \$0.50 per share before November 12, 2016. All shares and warrants are subject to a four-month hold period expiring on March 13, 2015.
- (c) Common share purchase warrants:

•		Weighted
	Number of	average
	warrants	exercise price
Balance, July 31, 2014	10,199,689	\$ 0.59
Warrants granted	13,060,213	0.50
Warrants expired	(5,029,499)	(0.54)
Balance, July 31, 2015	18,230,403	0.54
Warrants granted	12,067,892	0.49
Warrants expired	(5,170,190)	(0.53)
Polonia III 04 0040	05.400.405	
Balance, July 31, 2016	25,128,105	\$ 0.49

Common share purchase warrants outstanding at July 31, 2016 are summarized as follows:

			Weighted average
Ex	rercise	Number of	remaining life
	price	warrants	(years)
\$	0.50	13,060,213	0.30
\$	0.53	6,818,562	1.36
\$	0.43	5,249,330	1.86
		25,128,105	0.91

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015

6. Share capital (continued):

- (c) Common share purchase warrants (continued):
 - (i) On March 31, 2015, the Company extended (the "Warrant Extension") by 6 months the term of outstanding share purchase warrants (the "Warrants") exercisable at a price of \$0.50 per common share for 1,264,443 common shares of the Company, which were issued pursuant to a private placement which closed on April 10, 2013 and for 450,055 common shares of the Company, which were issued pursuant to a private placement which closed on June 7, 2013. All of the Warrants were originally exercisable for two years from the date of issuance, subject to acceleration, such that if the closing price of the common shares of the Company on the TSX Venture Exchange (the "Exchange") is equal to or greater than \$1.00 for a period of 10 consecutive trading days (the "Trading Target"), the Warrants will expire on the date that is 30 days after the date the Trading Target is met.
 - (ii) On November 19, 2014, the Company extended (the "Warrant Extension") by 18 months the term of outstanding share purchase warrants (the "Warrants") exercisable at a price of \$0.50 per common share for 472,222 common shares of the Company, which were issued pursuant to a private placement which closed on December 3, 2012. All of the Warrants were originally exercisable for two years from the date of issuance, subject to acceleration, such that if the closing price of the common shares of the Company on the TSX Venture Exchange (the "Exchange") is equal to or greater than \$1.00 for a period of 10 consecutive trading days (the "Trading Target"), the Warrants will expire on the date that is 30 days after the date the Trading Target is met.

(d) Finder's warrants:

		Weighted
	Number of	average
	warrants	exercise price
Balance, July 31, 2014	778,908	\$ 0.63
Warrants granted	903,062	0.50
Warrants expired	(375,392)	(0.50)
Warrants exercised	(16,750)	(0.50)
B. 1. 1. 0. 00. 1	4 000 000	
Balance, July 31, 2015	1,289,828	0.58
Warrants granted	951,914	0.42
Warrants expired	(403,516)	(0.75)
<u> </u>		
Balance, July 31, 2016	1,838,226	\$ 0.46

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015

6. Share capital (continued):

(d) Finder's warrants (continued):

Finder's warrants outstanding at July 31, 2016 are summarized as follows:

Exercise		Number of	Weighted average remaining life
	price	warrants	(years)
\$	0.30	360,453	1.86
\$	0.50	886,312	0.30
\$	0.53	411,234	1.35
\$	0.43	180,227	1.85
		1,838,226	0.99

The fair value of finder's and common share purchase warrants has been estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model using the following weighted average assumptions:

	2016	2015
Annualized stock volatility Risk-free interest rate Expected option/warrant life Dividend payments	65.01% 0.56% 2.0 years 0.0%	57.50% 1.02% 2.0 years 0.0%

(e) Stock options:

On December 30, 2015, the Board of Directors approved a new stock option plan. Under the plan, the Company may grant options to purchase common shares in the Company to employees, directors, officers, and consultants of the Company. The exercise price of the options is to be determined by the Board of Directors but generally will be equal to or greater than the market price of the shares at the grant date. Options will generally vest according to the following schedule:

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015

6. Share capital (continued):

(e) Stock options (continued):

As of July 31, 2016, the Company has reserved 22,941,000 common shares for issuance of stock options to employees, directors, officers and consultants of the Company of which 12,281,000 were available for future issuance.

Stock option transactions and numbers outstanding are summarized below:

		Weighted
	Number of	average
	options	exercise price
Balance, July 31, 2014	15,295,000	\$ 0.64
Options granted	_	_
Options exercised	(180,000)	(0.45)
Options expired	(770,000)	(0.71)
Balance, July 31, 2015	14,345,000	\$ 0.64
Options expired	(3,685,000)	(0.64)
Balance, July 31, 2016	10,660,000	\$ 0.64

Options outstanding at July 31, 2016 are summarized as follows:

				Weighted
			Number of	average
Ex	rercise	Number of	options	remaining life
	price	options	exercisable	(years)
\$	0.43	1,350,000	1,350,000	1.78
\$	0.45	1,515,000	1,515,000	0.92
\$	0.57	1,135,000	1,135,000	0.50
\$	0.65	2,175,000	2,175,000	0.15
\$	0.70	1,785,000	1,785,000	2.77
\$	0.82	2,700,000	2,700,000	2.47
		10,660,000	10,660,000	1.53

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015

6. Share capital (continued):

(e) Stock options (continued):

During the year ended July 31, 2016, the Company recorded \$nil (2015 - \$252,853) of compensation expense representing the fair value of the options vesting during the year with a corresponding increase to contributed surplus. There were no stock options granted during the year ended July 31, 2016 (2015: nil).

The fair value of the stock options grants has been estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model using the following weighted average assumptions. There were no stock option grants in 2016.

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Expected volatility	57.61%
Risk-free interest rate	1.41%
Expected option life	5.0 years
Dividend payments	0.0%

7. Capital disclosures:

The Company manages its capital to maintain its ability to continue as a going concern and to provide returns to shareholders and benefits to other stakeholders. The Company includes shareholders' equity in the definition of capital.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new shares, issue new debt, acquire or dispose of assets or undertake other activities as deemed appropriate under the specific circumstances.

The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements and the Company's overall strategy with respect to capital risk management remains unchanged from the year ended July 31, 2015.

8. Commitments and contingencies:

(a) Commitments:

Years ending July 31	Rental leases	Research contracts	Total
2017 2018 2019	95,476 42,652	41,000 41,000 41,000	136,476 83,652 41,000
-	\$ 138,128	\$ 123,000	\$ 261,128

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015

8. Commitments and contingencies (continued):

(a) Commitments (continued):

Rental leases relate to the Company and its subsidiaries commitments under operating leases for rental of properties. Research contract commitments relate to contractual obligations entered into by the Company and its subsidiaries for research and development.

(b) Litigation:

Zecotek Imaging Systems Pte Ltd., a wholly owned subsidiary had filed legal action in United States Federal District Court in Los Angeles against defendants Saint-Gobain Corporation and Philips for infringement of Zecotek's U.S. Patent Number 7,132,060. The patent covers the substances and chemical formulations used to grow lutetium fine silicate ("LFS") scintillation crystals which are characterized by their combined high light yield and ultrafast decay times and are typically used in medical scanning devices. On December 22, 2014 the Company reached a settlement with both Philips and Saint Gobain.

(c) Compensation waivers:

In March of 2011, the Company entered into agreements with certain of its consultants, directors and employees (the "individuals"). Under these agreements, the individuals waived salaries and fees owed to them totaling \$976,777 (2015 - \$976,777) in favor of bonus payments of the same amounts, which are to be paid upon certain triggering events, including a sale of substantially all of the assets of the Company, or the shares of the Company, commercialization of any of the technologies of the Company, a public listing of shares of a subsidiary of the Company, or cash inflows exceeding \$3,000,000 in any three month period.

The liability for this compensation will remain included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities until such time as it can be determined that the liability is legally extinguished or that the Company's obligation to pay is unlikely.

(d) Intellectual property:

On June 26, 2013, Zecotek Photonics Inc. entered into a joint collaboration agreement with Invention Development Management Company, LLC ("IDMC") for collaboration on intellectual property strategy, including the sourcing, development and monetization of new inventions related to photonics. The agreement will also provide the Company with the opportunity to licence intellectual properties and technologies from IDMC's own portfolio of photonics related inventions and patents created with its network of inventors.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015

8. Commitments and contingencies (continued):

(d) Intellectual property (continued):

In consideration, the Company agreed to:

- (i) issue to IDMC 5,393,951 common shares over a period of 6 months;
- (ii) pay IDMC 5% of the gross proceed on any settlement of or damage award in any of the Company's patent infringement litigation involving U.S. patent number 7.132.060 (or any of its related family members) commenced before date of the Agreement; and
- (iii) if a settlement includes any licensing royalty settlement component ("Licensing Component") for a period of 60 months commencing on receipt of first licensing royalty settlement payment, pay IDMC 5% of such Licensing Component.

No payments were required under clause (ii) and (iii) based on the settlement reached for the litigation involving U.S. patent number 7.132.060 as disclosed in note 8(b).

9. Government grants:

The Company has received grants from the Government of Singapore - Economic Development Board ("EDB") and the Government of Malaysia - Industrial Development Authority ("MIDA"). During the 2009 year, the Company received Singapore dollars \$1,554,778 (Canadian dollars \$1,232,162) and recorded this as a reduction in expenditures and expenses as management believed there was reasonable assurance that the amounts would not have to be repaid. The EDB grant is contingently repayable should the Company not meet certain requirements in respect to local employment, expenditures and production. As at July 31, 2010, it was determined that these conditions were not met.

The Company received correspondence from the EDB in August 2010 in which the EDB required repayment of the grants received by the Company not meeting all original conditions of the grant. The amount has been recognized as a liability, in trade and other payables, as at July 31, 2015 and 2016. The Company disputes the repayment requirement.

In May 2012, EDB requested the Company to provide an update on all the grant conditions to better evaluate the Company's appeal for changes to the grant conditions in order to reduce the repayment to EDB. As at the date of these financial statements, EDB had not yet completed reviewing the information provided by the Company. As at July 31, 2016 \$1,509,689 (2015: \$1,481,237) was included in trade and other payables in relation to this grant.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015

10. Financial instruments:

(a) Fair value:

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, advances to employees, restricted investments, customer deposits, trade and other payables and short-term loan. The fair values of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivable, advances to employees, trade and other payables, and short-term loans payable approximate carrying value because of the short-term nature of these instruments.

Fair value measurements recognized in the balance sheet must be categorized in accordance with the following levels:

- (i) Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- (ii) Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices);
- (iii) Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The Company categorized the fair value measurement of its restricted investments in Level 1 as they are primarily derived directly from reference to quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets.

(b) Financial risk management:

The Company primarily has exposure to credit risk, foreign exchange rate risk, interest rate risk, and liquidity risk.

(i) Credit risk:

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentration of credit risks include cash and restricted short-term investments. The Company places its cash and restricted short-term investments with high credit quality financial institutions. Short-term investments are generally held in fixed rate securities. Concentration of credit risks with respect to receivables is limited.

(ii) Foreign exchange risk:

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flow of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rate.

The Company has significant operations in Singapore, which gives rise to significant foreign currency translation risks from fluctuations and volatility of foreign exchange rate between the Canadian dollar and the Singapore dollar ("SGD"). A significant change in the currency exchange rates between the SGD relative to the Canadian dollar could have an effect on the Company's financial performance, financial position and cash flows. The

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015

10. Financial instruments (continued):

(ii) Foreign exchange risk (continued):

Company does not use derivative instruments to reduce its exposure to exchange rate risk.

The Company's financial instruments subject to exchange rate risk are listed below.

SGD	2016	2015
Financial assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,285	\$ 193,778
Trade receivables Restricted investments	40,000	40,000
Financial liabilities:		
Trade and other payables	(4,563,828)	(3,338,135)
Gross financial position exposure	\$ (4,511,543)	\$ (3,104,357)
Canadian dollar equivalents	\$ (4,380,708)	\$ (2,957,521)

The following are exchange rates applied to presentation of the consolidated financial statements for the years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015:

SGD	2016		2015	
Canadian dollar: Average rate Closing rate	\$	1.05 1.03	\$	1.05 1.11

A 10% strengthening (weakening) of the Canadian dollar against SGD would have decreased (increased) deficiency and comprehensive loss by the amounts below. This analysis assumes all other variables, such as interest rates, remain constant.

	2016	2015
Canadian dollar	\$ 438,071	\$ 295,752

The Company also has subsidiary in Malaysia, but the operations have not been significant; therefore, the Company is not exposed to significant foreign exchange risk between Canadian dollar and Malaysian ringgit.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015

10. Financial instruments (continued):

(iii) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Restricted investments with fixed interest rates include guaranteed investment certificates with original maturities of greater than three months expose the Company to interest rate risk. The Company does not use financial instruments to mitigate this interest rate risk.

(iv) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company currently settles its financial obligations using cash and cash equivalents. The Company manages its liquidity risk by forecasting cash flows from operations and anticipating any investing and financing activities. Trade and other payables have contractual maturity of 6 months or less..

11. Segmented information:

The Company has principal operations in Canada and Singapore (Asia) and is organized into three sales geographic areas consisting of Asia, Europe, and North America. Reporting information by geographic area is as follows:

July 31, 2016	Asia	Europe	America	Total
Revenue	\$1,439,298	\$ 3,433	\$ 44,785	\$ 1,487,516
Property and equipment	71,150	-	4,999	76,149
Patent costs	39,023	-	-	39,023

July 31, 2015	Asia	Europe	America	Total
Revenue Property and equipment Patent costs	\$ 439,149 89,781 66,411	\$ 4,838 - -	\$ 7,760 7,112	\$ 451,747 96,893 66,411

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015

12. Related party transactions:

The Company undertook the following transactions with related parties. These transactions were measured at the exchange amounts which are the amounts of consideration established and agreed upon by the related parties.

- (a) The Company incurred \$68,381 (2015 \$108,633) in legal fees to Boughton Law Corporation, legal counsel to the Company, for legal services rendered during the year. A director of the Company is an Associate Counsel of Boughton Law Corporation. At July 31, 2016, \$31,151 (2015 \$19,661) was outstanding and included in trade and other payables.
- (b) The Company incurred fees of \$187,927 (2015 \$180,000) during the year for consulting services provided by the chief financial officer. At July 31, 2016, \$40,000 (2015 \$26,750) of the fees was unpaid and included in trade and other payables.
- (c) During the year, the Company incurred salaries of \$212,254 (2015 \$200,022) for the Executive Vice President, Operations. At July 31, 2016, \$41,937 (2015 \$nil) of the salaries was unpaid and included in trade and other payables. The advances to the Executive Vice President, Operations amounted to \$2,490 as at July 31, 2016 (2015 \$3,356).
- (d) During the year, the Company incurred salaries and benefits of \$280,816 (2015 \$409,856) for the President and Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and fees of \$486,934 (2015 \$459,829) for consulting services to a company controlled by the President and CEO. At July 31, 2016, \$16,251 (2015- nil) of the salaries and benefits; and \$202,918 (2015 \$nil) of the fees were unpaid and included in trade and other payables.
- (e) The Company incurred fees of of \$78,000 (2015 \$78,000) during the year for directors' services. At July 31, 2016, \$169,500 (2015 \$101,500) was unpaid and included in trade and other payables.
- (f) The Company incurred fees of \$120,000 (2015 \$120,000) during the year for accounting and related services provided by the Corporate Secretary. At July 31, 2016, \$10,500 (2015 \$nil) was unpaid and included in trade and other payables.
- (g) The following table summarizes the compensation of the Company's key management:

	2016	2015
Short-term employee salary and benefits	\$ 1,231,962	\$ 1,227,899
Termination benefits	661,791	660,774
Share based payments to officers and directors	-	155,067

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015

13. General and administrative expenses:

The following table presents the Company's general and administrative expenses according to their nature:

	2016	2015
Professional fees	\$ 2,270,041	\$ 3,664,704
Insurance	25,025	24,628
Marketing and promotion	83,044	57,797
Office and miscellaneous	137,930	156,953
Rent	171,194	202,762
Salaries and benefits	1,026,497	1,180,709
Travel	326,328	256,079
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	(44,333)	33,980
Amortization of property and equipment	15,280 [°]	27,284
Stock-based compensation	· -	220,257
Total	\$ 4,011,006	\$ 5,825,153

14. Research and development expenses:

The following table presents the Company's research and development expenses according to their nature:

		2016		2015
Consulting fees	\$	573,550	\$	654,339
Overhead costs	*	93,594	Ψ.	105,501
Supplies		266,951		79,185
Salaries and benefits		224,051		148,636
Patent costs		292,698		411,444
Amortization of property and equipment		10,458		7,594
Amortization of patent costs		28,226		29,430
Stock-based compensation		-		32,596
FX				
Total	\$	1,489,528	\$	1,468,725

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015

15. Income taxes:

(a) A reconciliation of the Canadian and Singapore statutory tax rates to the effective rates for the Company is as follows:

	2016		2	2015	
	Canada	Singapore	Canada	Singapore	
Statutory income tax rate	(26.0%)	(17.0%)	(26.0%)	(17.0%)	
Tax losses not recognized	26.0%	`17.0% [´]	26.0%	`17.0% [´]	
Effective tax rate	-	-	-	-	

(b) Deferred tax assets have not been recognized in respect of the following items:

	2016		2015	
	Canada	Singapore	Canada	Singapore
Operating losses Intangible assets Share issuance costs Property and equipment	\$ 22,911,989 20,522 688,809 34,785	\$ 51,215,655 266,783 - 537,702	\$ 22,536,794 19,236 634,075 39,074	\$ 45,344,289 219,138 - 485,547
Total	\$ 23,656,105	\$ 52,020,140	\$ 23,229,179	\$ 46,048,974

(c) As at July 31, 2016, the Company and its subsidiaries have operating losses carried forward for Canadian and Singapore income tax purposes, available to reduce taxable income of future years, subject to certain restrictions. The Canadian tax losses expire commencing in the 2017 year as follows:

2016	\$	1,410,255
2026		2,426,535
2027		2,254,153
2028		1,846,998
2029		1,298,391
2030		1,293,648
2031		1,039,417
2032		793,398
2033		1,539,601
2034		4,507,478
2035		4,058,944
2036		1,853,426
	\$:	22,911,989

Operating losses for Singapore tax purposes of \$51,215,655 may be carried forward indefinitely, subject to certain restrictions.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015

16. Subsequent events:

- (a) On August 26, 2016, the Company completed the share subscription agreements for the financing announced on August 12, 2016. Under the agreements, the subscribers purchased 2,761,935 units of the Company at a price of \$0.30 per unit, for gross proceeds of \$828,581. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share at an exercise price of \$0.43 per share for a period of 24 months after the date of the private placement. Pursuant to the closing of the financing, the Company paid finder's fees and agents commission of \$57,161 and issued non-transferable finder's warrants to purchase 190,535 Common Shares at \$0.43 per share before August 29, 2018. All shares and warrants are subject to a four-month hold period expiring on December 30, 2016.
- (b) On October 24, 2016, the Company amended the term an aggregate of 13,060,213 of outstanding share purchase warrants (the "Warrants") issued to subscribers of a private placement which closed in three tranches on November 6, November 12 and November 28, 2014. The expiry date is extended from November 6, November 12, and November 28, 2016 to November 6, November 12 and November 28, 2018 respectively. The Warrants contain an acceleration provision, if, for a period of 10 trading days (the "Premium Trading Days") the closing price of the Company's shares is \$1.00 per share or higher, the warrant exercise period for one-third of the holder's Warrants will be shortened to a period of 30 days. This 30-day period will commence seven calendar days after the tenth Premium Trading Day. An additional one-third of holder's Warrants will accelerate at \$1.50 and the final one-third at \$2.00.
- (c) 2,175,000 stock options expired on September 23, 2016.
- (d) On November 18, 2016, the Company completed the first tranche of share subscription agreements for the financing announced on November 7, 2016. Under the agreements, the subscribers purchased 1,000,000 units of the Company at a price of \$0.30 per unit, for gross proceeds of \$300,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share at an exercise price of \$0.43 per share for a period of 24 months after the date of the private placement. Pursuant to the closing of the financing, the Company paid finder's fees and agents commission of \$21,000 and issued 70,000 non-transferable finder's warrants. Each finder's warrant is exercisable into units at \$0.30 per unit for a 24 month period. Each unit consists of one common share and one half of a share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant is exercisable into one common share at \$0.43 per share for a 24 month period. All shares and warrants are subject to a four-month hold period.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Years ended July 31, 2016 and 2015

16. Subsequent events (continued):

(e) On November 25, 2016, the Company completed the second tranche of share subscription agreements for the financing announced on November 7, 2016. Under the agreements, the subscribers purchased 3,620,000 units of the Company at a price of \$0.30 per unit, for gross proceeds of \$1,086,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share at an exercise price of \$0.43 per share for a period of 24 months after the date of the private placement. Pursuant to the closing of the financing, the Company paid finder's fees and agents commission of \$69,020 and issued 230,067 non-transferable finder's warrants. Each finder's warrant is exercisable into units at \$0.30 per unit for a 24 month period. Each unit consists of one common share and one half of a share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant is exercisable into one common share at \$0.30 per share before November 25, 2018. All shares and warrants are subject to a four-month hold period.